

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-ethylpiperazine-1-carboxamide

Yu-Feng Li

Microscale Science Institute, Department of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Weifang University, Weifang 261061, People's Republic of China
Correspondence e-mail: liyufeng8111@163.com

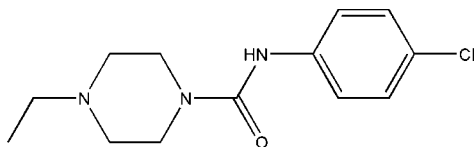
Received 23 August 2011; accepted 30 August 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.061; wR factor = 0.187; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.9.

In the title molecule, $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{18}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}$, the piperazine ring has a chair conformation. In the crystal, molecules are linked into chains along [100] by $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For applications of carboxamide compounds, see: Arrieta *et al.* (2007). For a related structure, see: Li (2011).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{18}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}$

$M_r = 267.75$

Orthorhombic, $Pbca$

$a = 9.5546$ (19) Å

$b = 10.910$ (2) Å

$c = 26.477$ (5) Å

$V = 2760.1$ (10) Å³

$Z = 8$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.27$ mm⁻¹

$T = 293$ K

$0.25 \times 0.22 \times 0.21$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer
24955 measured reflections

3167 independent reflections
1720 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.079$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.061$

$wR(F^2) = 0.187$

$S = 1.00$

3167 reflections

168 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.27$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.27$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N3}-\text{H3A}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.82 (3)	2.18 (3)	2.986 (3)	167 (2)

Symmetry code: (i) $x + \frac{1}{2}, y, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: *SAINTE*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH5326).

References

- Arrieta, A., Otaegui, D., Zubia, A., Cossío, F. P., Díaz-Ortiz, A., Hoz, A., Herrero, A., Prieto, P., Foces-Foces, C., Pizarro, J. L. & Arriortua, M. I. (2007). *J. Org. Chem.* **72**, 4313–4322.
Bruker (1997). *SMART* and *SAINTE*. Bruker AXS, Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
Li, Y.-F. (2011). *Acta Cryst.* **E67**, o2492.
Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o2574 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811035331]

***N*-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-ethylpiperazine-1-carboxamide**

Y.-F. Li

Comment

Carboxamide compounds are an important intermediate reagent in organic synthesis (Arrieta *et al.*, 2007). The molecular structure of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. The piperazine ring (N1/N2/C3-C6) is in a chair conformation. Bond lengths and angles are comparable to those common to a similar structure (Li, 2011).

Experimental

A mixture of 1-ethylpiperazine (0.1 mol), and (4-chlorophenyl)carbamic chloride (0.1 mol) was stirred in refluxing ethanol (20 ml) for 4 h to afford the title compound (0.065 mol, yield 65%). Colourless blocks were obtained by recrystallization of a solution of the title compound in ethanol at room temperature.

Refinement

H atoms bonded to C atoms were fixed geometrically and allowed to ride on their attached atoms, with C—H distances = 0.93–0.97 Å and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ or $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}_{\text{methyl}})$. The N—H hydrogen was refined independently with an isotropic displacement parameter.

Figures

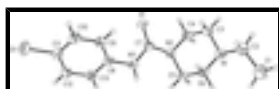


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids.

***N*-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-ethylpiperazine-1-carboxamide**

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{18}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}$

$M_r = 267.75$

Orthorhombic, *Pbca*

Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab

$a = 9.5546$ (19) Å

$b = 10.910$ (2) Å

$c = 26.477$ (5) Å

$V = 2760.1$ (10) Å³

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1136$

$D_x = 1.289$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 1720 reflections

$\theta = 3.2$ – 27.2°

$\mu = 0.27$ mm⁻¹

$T = 293$ K

Block, colorless

$0.25 \times 0.22 \times 0.21$ mm

supplementary materials

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer	1720 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.079$
graphite	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.1^\circ$
φ and ω scans	$h = -11 \rightarrow 12$
24955 measured reflections	$k = -14 \rightarrow 14$
3167 independent reflections	$l = -34 \rightarrow 33$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.061$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.187$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1045P)^2]$
$S = 1.00$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
3167 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
168 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.27 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.27 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL97</i> (Sheldrick, 2008), $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
	Extinction coefficient: 0.021 (3)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	0.12528 (9)	0.54490 (8)	0.41931 (3)	0.0847 (4)
O1	0.14283 (15)	0.18919 (18)	0.21930 (6)	0.0616 (5)
N3	0.3536 (2)	0.2579 (2)	0.24861 (7)	0.0514 (6)
C8	0.2986 (2)	0.3286 (2)	0.28864 (8)	0.0458 (6)
N2	0.34171 (19)	0.1241 (2)	0.18146 (8)	0.0580 (6)

C13	0.3594 (2)	0.3193 (2)	0.33612 (9)	0.0542 (6)
H13A	0.4350	0.2671	0.3412	0.065*
N1	0.4083 (2)	0.1241 (2)	0.07662 (7)	0.0644 (7)
C11	0.1940 (3)	0.4637 (2)	0.36844 (9)	0.0567 (7)
C12	0.3070 (3)	0.3881 (3)	0.37613 (9)	0.0596 (7)
H12A	0.3482	0.3829	0.4079	0.072*
C10	0.1353 (3)	0.4758 (3)	0.32123 (10)	0.0590 (7)
H10A	0.0605	0.5290	0.3163	0.071*
C7	0.2716 (2)	0.1909 (2)	0.21612 (8)	0.0483 (6)
C9	0.1878 (2)	0.4087 (2)	0.28136 (9)	0.0547 (6)
H9A	0.1486	0.4173	0.2494	0.066*
C6	0.4827 (3)	0.2016 (3)	0.11215 (10)	0.0652 (7)
H6A	0.4382	0.2815	0.1134	0.078*
H6B	0.5782	0.2129	0.1006	0.078*
C4	0.2660 (3)	0.0469 (3)	0.14571 (9)	0.0639 (7)
H4A	0.1702	0.0367	0.1571	0.077*
H4B	0.3094	-0.0334	0.1443	0.077*
C5	0.4841 (2)	0.1467 (3)	0.16426 (9)	0.0612 (7)
H5A	0.5360	0.0703	0.1638	0.073*
H5B	0.5305	0.2023	0.1874	0.073*
C3	0.2667 (3)	0.1030 (3)	0.09430 (10)	0.0707 (8)
H3B	0.2187	0.0490	0.0709	0.085*
H3C	0.2164	0.1802	0.0952	0.085*
C2	0.4049 (4)	0.1795 (4)	0.02561 (12)	0.0997 (12)
H2A	0.3649	0.2610	0.0280	0.120*
H2B	0.3440	0.1308	0.0042	0.120*
C1	0.5445 (4)	0.1884 (5)	0.00140 (12)	0.1227 (16)
H1A	0.5349	0.2248	-0.0314	0.184*
H1B	0.5840	0.1079	-0.0019	0.184*
H1C	0.6048	0.2382	0.0219	0.184*
H3A	0.435 (3)	0.236 (2)	0.2526 (8)	0.053 (7)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.0886 (6)	0.0831 (6)	0.0824 (6)	0.0078 (4)	0.0226 (4)	-0.0221 (4)
O1	0.0337 (8)	0.0846 (14)	0.0665 (11)	-0.0008 (8)	0.0028 (7)	-0.0060 (9)
N3	0.0335 (10)	0.0646 (14)	0.0561 (12)	0.0059 (9)	-0.0007 (8)	-0.0081 (10)
C8	0.0382 (11)	0.0471 (14)	0.0521 (13)	-0.0021 (10)	0.0039 (9)	0.0014 (10)
N2	0.0406 (10)	0.0713 (16)	0.0622 (13)	-0.0072 (10)	0.0060 (9)	-0.0169 (11)
C13	0.0484 (13)	0.0530 (16)	0.0613 (15)	0.0056 (11)	-0.0028 (11)	0.0003 (12)
N1	0.0520 (12)	0.0864 (18)	0.0547 (12)	-0.0125 (12)	-0.0010 (9)	-0.0015 (11)
C11	0.0547 (14)	0.0511 (16)	0.0643 (15)	-0.0002 (12)	0.0145 (12)	-0.0034 (12)
C12	0.0600 (15)	0.0637 (18)	0.0552 (14)	-0.0045 (13)	0.0019 (11)	-0.0056 (12)
C10	0.0504 (14)	0.0499 (16)	0.0766 (17)	0.0083 (11)	0.0075 (12)	0.0008 (13)
C7	0.0386 (12)	0.0567 (15)	0.0496 (12)	0.0009 (11)	0.0008 (10)	0.0032 (11)
C9	0.0488 (13)	0.0554 (16)	0.0597 (14)	0.0032 (12)	0.0002 (11)	0.0063 (12)
C6	0.0466 (13)	0.075 (2)	0.0737 (16)	-0.0132 (13)	0.0069 (12)	-0.0094 (15)

supplementary materials

C4	0.0510 (14)	0.075 (2)	0.0658 (15)	-0.0186 (13)	0.0059 (12)	-0.0164 (13)
C5	0.0380 (12)	0.084 (2)	0.0618 (15)	0.0002 (12)	-0.0005 (11)	-0.0181 (13)
C3	0.0469 (14)	0.096 (2)	0.0691 (17)	-0.0125 (15)	-0.0036 (12)	-0.0090 (16)
C2	0.083 (2)	0.144 (4)	0.072 (2)	-0.015 (2)	-0.0036 (17)	0.023 (2)
C1	0.097 (3)	0.194 (5)	0.077 (2)	-0.033 (3)	0.0140 (19)	0.021 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C11—C11	1.741 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9300
O1—C7	1.233 (3)	C9—H9A	0.9300
N3—C7	1.374 (3)	C6—C5	1.504 (4)
N3—C8	1.413 (3)	C6—H6A	0.9700
N3—H3A	0.82 (3)	C6—H6B	0.9700
C8—C9	1.386 (3)	C4—C3	1.492 (4)
C8—C13	1.389 (3)	C4—H4A	0.9700
N2—C7	1.350 (3)	C4—H4B	0.9700
N2—C5	1.456 (3)	C5—H5A	0.9700
N2—C4	1.458 (3)	C5—H5B	0.9700
C13—C12	1.391 (3)	C3—H3B	0.9700
C13—H13A	0.9300	C3—H3C	0.9700
N1—C3	1.450 (3)	C2—C1	1.482 (5)
N1—C6	1.451 (3)	C2—H2A	0.9700
N1—C2	1.480 (4)	C2—H2B	0.9700
C11—C12	1.374 (4)	C1—H1A	0.9600
C11—C10	1.377 (3)	C1—H1B	0.9600
C12—H12A	0.9300	C1—H1C	0.9600
C10—C9	1.379 (3)		
C7—N3—C8	123.20 (19)	N1—C6—H6B	109.3
C7—N3—H3A	117.5 (17)	C5—C6—H6B	109.3
C8—N3—H3A	114.8 (16)	H6A—C6—H6B	108.0
C9—C8—C13	119.4 (2)	N2—C4—C3	110.7 (2)
C9—C8—N3	121.6 (2)	N2—C4—H4A	109.5
C13—C8—N3	118.9 (2)	C3—C4—H4A	109.5
C7—N2—C5	125.8 (2)	N2—C4—H4B	109.5
C7—N2—C4	120.42 (19)	C3—C4—H4B	109.5
C5—N2—C4	111.01 (18)	H4A—C4—H4B	108.1
C8—C13—C12	120.0 (2)	N2—C5—C6	110.24 (19)
C8—C13—H13A	120.0	N2—C5—H5A	109.6
C12—C13—H13A	120.0	C6—C5—H5A	109.6
C3—N1—C6	109.9 (2)	N2—C5—H5B	109.6
C3—N1—C2	109.8 (2)	C6—C5—H5B	109.6
C6—N1—C2	111.4 (2)	H5A—C5—H5B	108.1
C12—C11—C10	120.9 (2)	N1—C3—C4	111.3 (2)
C12—C11—C11	119.17 (19)	N1—C3—H3B	109.4
C10—C11—C11	120.0 (2)	C4—C3—H3B	109.4
C11—C12—C13	119.6 (2)	N1—C3—H3C	109.4
C11—C12—H12A	120.2	C4—C3—H3C	109.4
C13—C12—H12A	120.2	H3B—C3—H3C	108.0
C11—C10—C9	119.7 (2)	N1—C2—C1	113.7 (3)

C11—C10—H10A	120.1	N1—C2—H2A	108.8
C9—C10—H10A	120.1	C1—C2—H2A	108.8
O1—C7—N2	122.2 (2)	N1—C2—H2B	108.8
O1—C7—N3	122.3 (2)	C1—C2—H2B	108.8
N2—C7—N3	115.43 (19)	H2A—C2—H2B	107.7
C10—C9—C8	120.4 (2)	C2—C1—H1A	109.5
C10—C9—H9A	119.8	C2—C1—H1B	109.5
C8—C9—H9A	119.8	H1A—C1—H1B	109.5
N1—C6—C5	111.5 (2)	C2—C1—H1C	109.5
N1—C6—H6A	109.3	H1A—C1—H1C	109.5
C5—C6—H6A	109.3	H1B—C1—H1C	109.5

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N3—H3A \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.82 (3)	2.18 (3)	2.986 (3)	167 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1/2, y, -z+1/2$.

Fig. 1

